



PZU Group Financial Results

in 2Q21

Warsaw, 26 August 2021

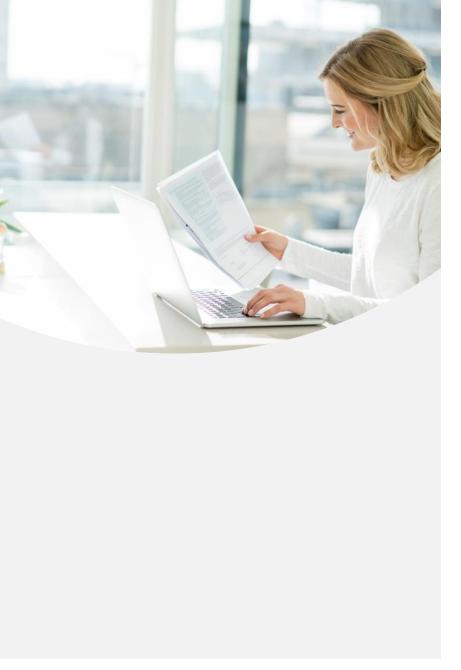


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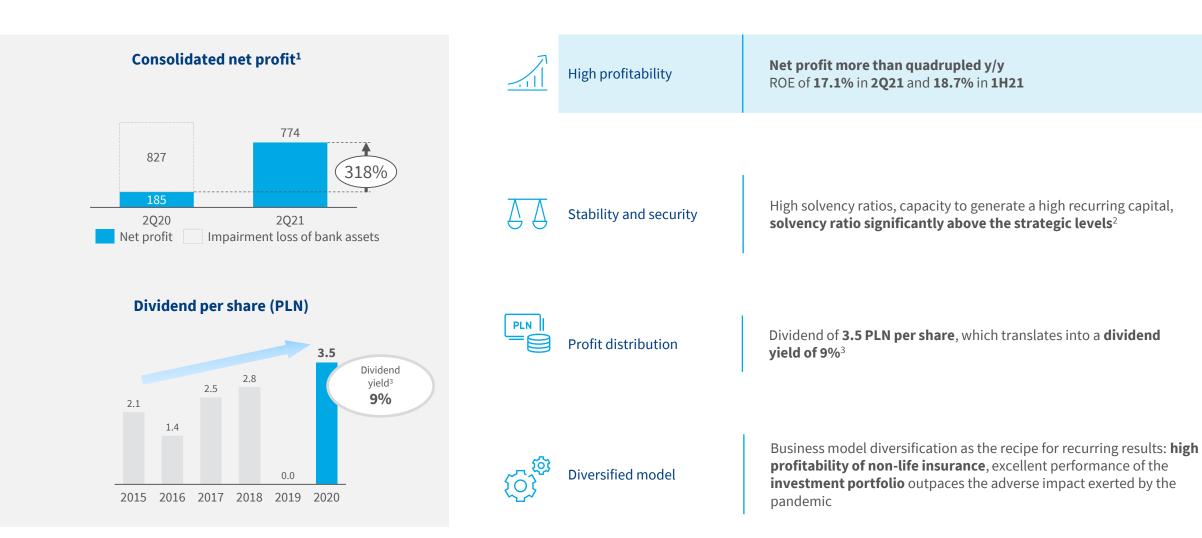






1. PZU Group's main accomplishments

That was a solid six months. We keep our dividend promises



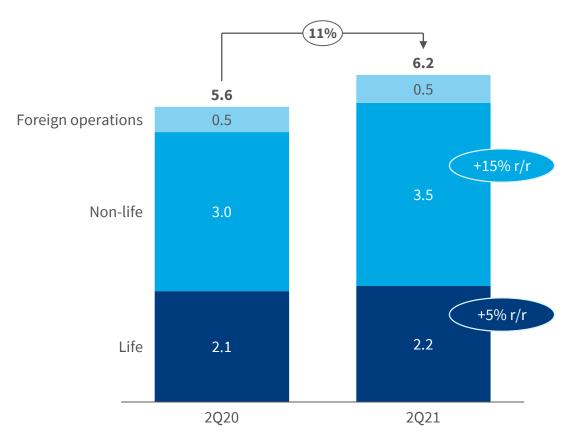
^{1.} Net profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company

^{2 1021} data

^{3.} Dividend yield: dividend of 3.5 PLN per share approved by the OSM in reference to the closing price of 25 August 2021

Record 1H sales, with quarterly sales up 11%

Gross written premium and its growth in 2Q21 (bn PLN)

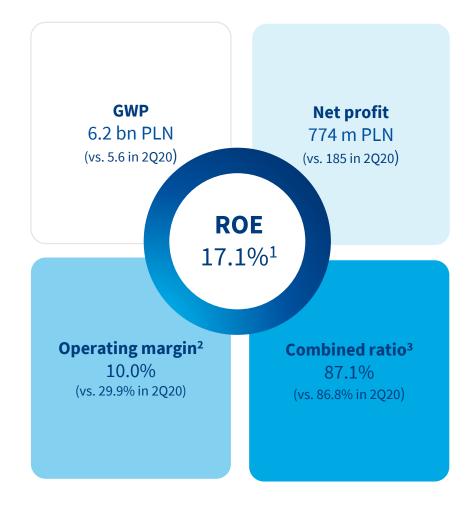


- Acceleration of the revenue growth rate, premium up by 11% y/y in 2Q21 (1% in 1Q21)
- **Dynamic growth of premiums in non-life insurance** premium up by 15% y/y in 2Q21. Strong demand for corporate insurance. Motor insurance under pressure from the market's expanding competitiveness and falling prices
- Protection products with premium growth of 34% y/y were the main driver of premium growth in life insurance. Strong premium growth in investment products (+23.8% y/y)
- Intensive development of sales through the bancassurance channel: doubling gross written premium y/y from cooperation with PZU Group's banks
- Ongoing dynamic growth in the demand for private medical services; **PZU Zdrowie's revenue up 28.5%**¹ y/y in 1H21, which included a 39.3% y/y increase in revenues generated by centers
- Intensive development of the **investment pillar** TFI PZU one of the leaders in the sales of funds in 1H21 and market share in ECS, funds continue to attract incoming investments with interest rates at record-breaking low levels
- Market share in ECS at 36%³, including the net asset value of 822.1 m PLN (>95 thousand companies acquired)

^{1.} Data presented for the centers for the period from the beginning of the year regardless of the time of acquisition

^{2.} By the number of companies

High business profitability in 2Q21

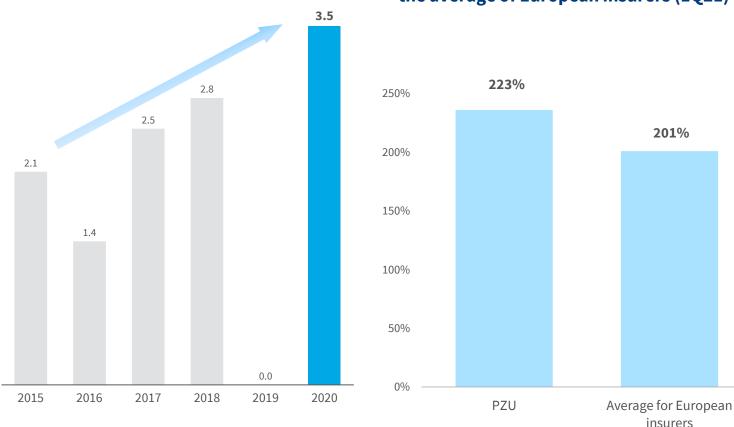


- Very high profitability maintained in non-life insurance combined ratio of 87.1% in 2Q21 (86.8% in 2Q20)
- Return on the main portfolio: 4.7% in 2Q21 and 6.3% in 1H21 (5.1% in 2Q20), positive impact exerted by the results on the equity portfolio
- Operating margin in group and individually continued insurance in 2Q21 affected by the pandemic at 10.0%; adjusted margin 26.1%⁴
- Costs under strict control; despite pressure to raise wages and other costs related to the COVID-19 pandemic, the cost ratio⁵ was 6.8% in 2Q21 (7.2% in 2Q20)
- Return on equity of 17.1% in 2Q21 and 18.7% in 1H21; PZU among the insurers generating the highest ROE in Europe

- 1. Annualized ratio, attributable to equity holders of the parent company
- .. Margin in 2020 and 2021 for the group and individually continued insurance segment
- 3. Non-life insurance in the PZU Group (Poland)
- I. Margin adjusted to account for the deviation resulting mainly from the pandemic and the related excess mortality
- . PZU and PZU Życie

High level of safety in the conducted business makes it possible to disburse cumulative dividends for 2019-20 in line with the regulator's recommendation

Dividend per share (PLN)



Solvency II for the PZU Group compared to the average of European insurers (1Q21)

- The dividend of 3.5 PLN per share approved by the Ordinary Shareholder Meeting, translates into a 9% dividend yield¹
- Solvency II as at 31 March 2021 at very high levels on a European scale: 223%² for the Group
- S&P Global Ratings rating at **A** with a stable outlook.
- Safe and diversified investment portfolio: augmented share of portfolios securing a high level of profitability versus the low level of market interest rates, including corporate debt with an investmentgrade rating

^{1.} Dividend yield: dividend of 3.5 PLN per share approved by the OSM in reference to the closing price of 25 August 2021

^{2.} Data as at 31 March 2021, calculated based on circular letter of Polish FSA to insurance companies dated 16.04.2021

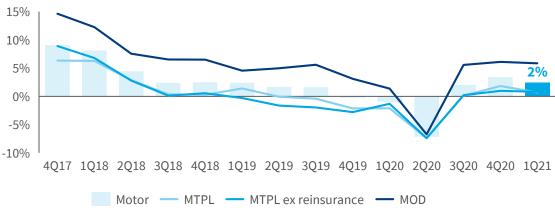




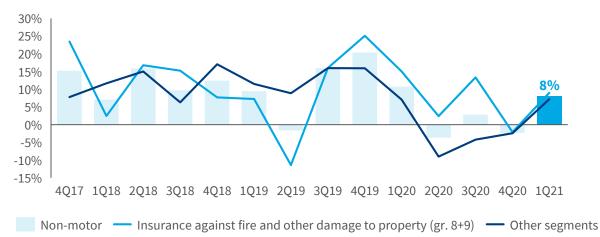
2. Business development

Trends on the non-life insurance market in Poland

Growth rate of the motor insurance market¹, y/y



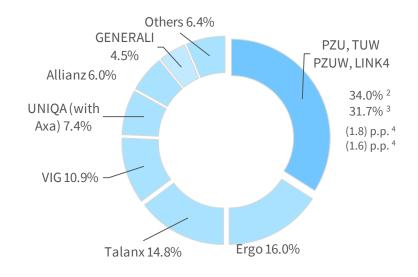
Growth rate of the non-motor insurance market¹, y/y



- according to the Polish FSA's 1Q21 report
- 2. according to the Polish FSA's 1Q21 report; i.e. the market and market shares including PZU's inward reinsurance from LINK4 and TUW PZUW
- 3. PZU Group's market share in non-life insurance on direct business at the end of 1Q21
 - movement in market share y/y on PZU's inward reinsurance from LINK4 and TUW PZUW and direct activity, respectively.

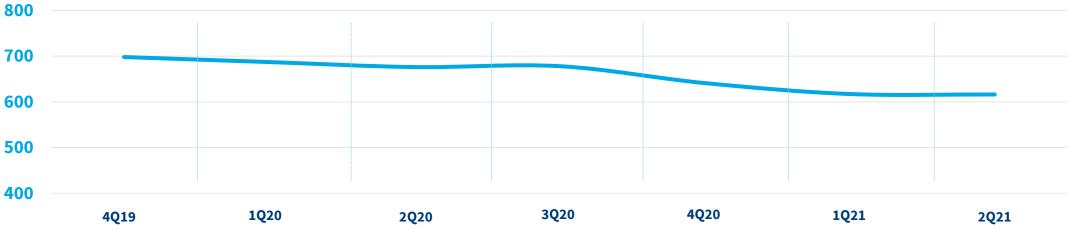
- Sales growth in motor insurance in 1Q21 (+2.4% y/y) coupled with sales growth in MOD of 5.8% and in motor TPL of 0.7%
- Rising number of policies in TPL (+2.0% y/y) in conjunction with a **decline of average** prices (-1.1% y/y)¹
- **Recovery on the non-motor insurance market (+8.1% y/y).** The largest contributors to this growth included property insurance (+9.0% y/y) and general TPL (+12.1% y/y)
- The PZU Group's market share in non-life insurance (direct business) in 1Q21 was 31.7%
- PZU Group's high percentage of the market's technical result at 41.1%

Market shares²

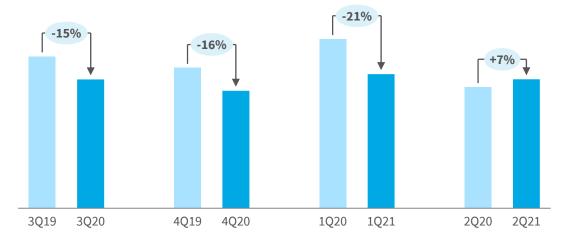


Motor insurance – change in average price and decline in claims frequency

Change in the average market price for motor TPL



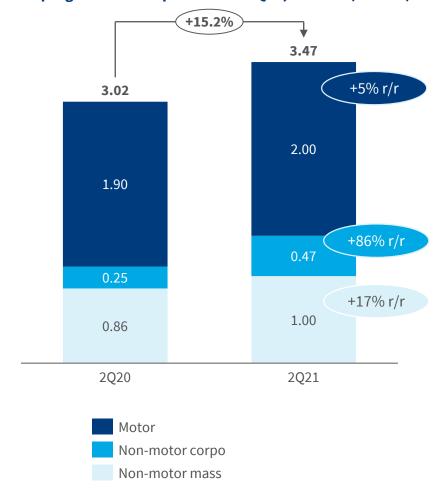
Change in claims frequency in motor insurance¹



- Increase in claims frequency in 2Q, with a slow-down of the downward price trend from recent quarters.
- Frequency still **below the loss ratios from before the pandemic** justify the continuation of low prices (10% decline in frequencies in 2Q21 vs. 2Q19)
- Market of low insurance prices, inflation and the rising euro exchange rate translating
 into higher costs of claims paid, in the longer run (after returning to natural loss
 experience) may impede the ability to continue doing profitable business

Non-life insurance

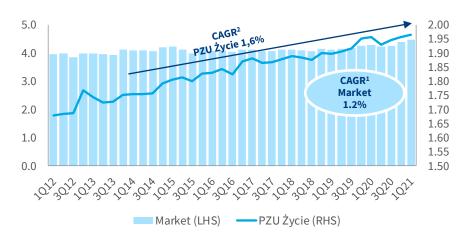
PZU Group's gross written premium in 2Q21, amount (bn PLN) and growth rate



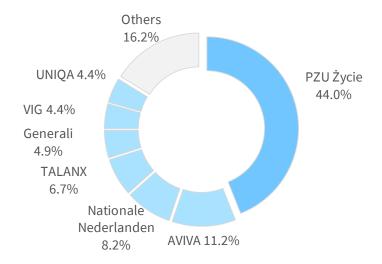
- **Growth** in the premium on **corporate non-motor** insurance of **86%**, mainly in insurance of other property damages, with a significant impact of a long-term contract renewal
- In mass non-motor insurance: growth mainly as a result of the growing sales of insurance offered in cooperation with the Group's banks for cash loans and mortgage loans, an increase in insurance premiums from small and medium enterprises, continuation of the growth in the sales of residential insurance, declines in ADD insurance
- Persistently high level of competitiveness and price pressure, visible especially in motor insurance

Trends on the life insurance market

Periodic gross written premium, quarterly (bn PLN)



Market shares in periodic premium in 1Q21



Life insurance market in 2Q21

- In 1Q, sales growth y/y in PZU Życie by 3.2% versus the 6.5% y/y growth of the overall market
- The market share held by PZU Życie was 40.6% (down 1.3 p.p.).

Insurance with a periodic premium:

PZU's key market share of periodic premium stayed high at 44.0% in 1Q21, also for protection contracts (class I of life insurance); its market share was 55.9%

Single premium insurance:

- Higher single premium insurance sales (+64 m PLN y/y), translating into market share expansion in single premium life products **market share up 2.2 p.p. y/y**
- Market share held by single premium products at its highest since 2008

Group insurance:

 PZU Życie's premium in group insurance down 4 m PLN y/y in 2021, with the overall market growth of 1.8%

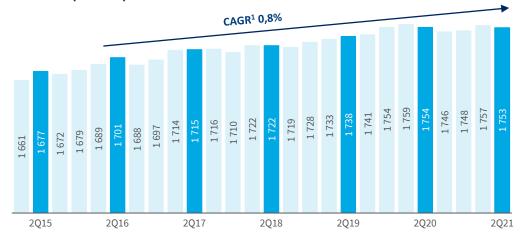
Individual insurance:

• In individual insurance PZU Życie was the premium growth leader (+74 m PLN y/y) in 1Q21. PZU's market share fell (-0.5 p.p y/y) in a growing market (+9.8% y/y)

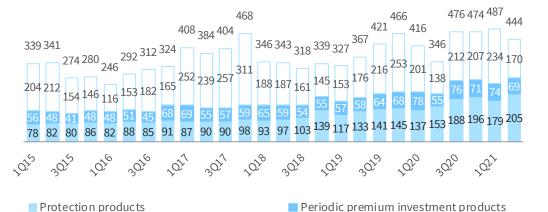
The **profitability of the technical result** at PZU Życie in 1Q21 is higher than the average for the competition: 9.8% versus 9.3%; the share held by PZU Życie of the sector's overall technical result was nearly 42%

Life insurance

PZU Życie's gross written premium on group and individually continued insurance (m PLN)



PZU Życie's gross written premium on individual insurance (m PLN)



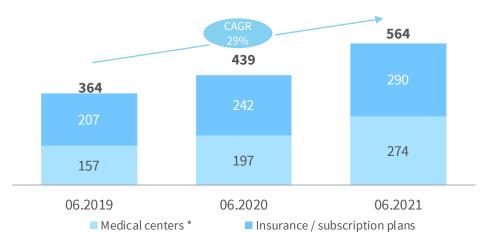
☐ Single premium investment products

- PZU Group's stable premium in group and individually continued life insurance in 2Q21 y/y in Poland despite the negative effects of the pandemic
- **Expanding portfolio of health insurance**, which has posted record-breaking results measured by collected premium, especially for ambulatory contracts. At the end of 2Q21, PZU Życie had **nearly 2.4 million health insurance contracts in force** in its portfolio.
- Steadily rising revenue generated by riders to continued insurance and by adding a malignant neoplasm rider in that insurance group in 2Q of this year
- High level of sales of individual protection products in 2Q driven by the development of cooperation with Alior Bank to offer single premium individual life insurance to clients taking out mortgage loans
- Lower level of single contributions in 2Q21 to **unit-linked** accounts in insurance offered jointly with banks

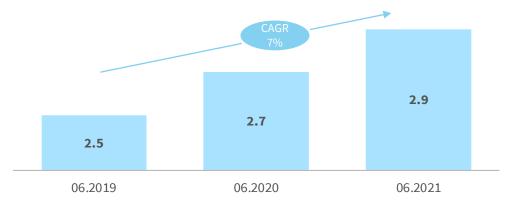
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Development of the scale of operations in health

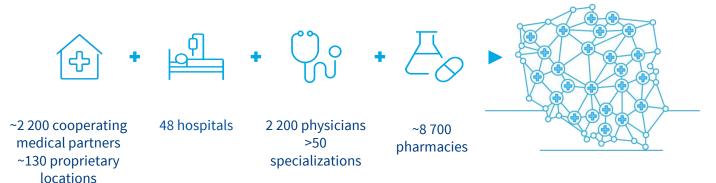
Revenues (m PLN)



Number of contracts at the end of the period (m)



- High growth rate of revenue (mainly on ambulatory contracts and riders to continued insurance)
- Steady increase in the number of health product agreements in 2021 driven by the sales of more health riders to protection products (offering among others access to specialist physicians, ambulatory rehabilitation, selected tests and procedures)
- Dynamic construction of the subscription portfolio through PZU Zdrowie's own sales network
- Further growth in the revenue of medical centers based on organic growth

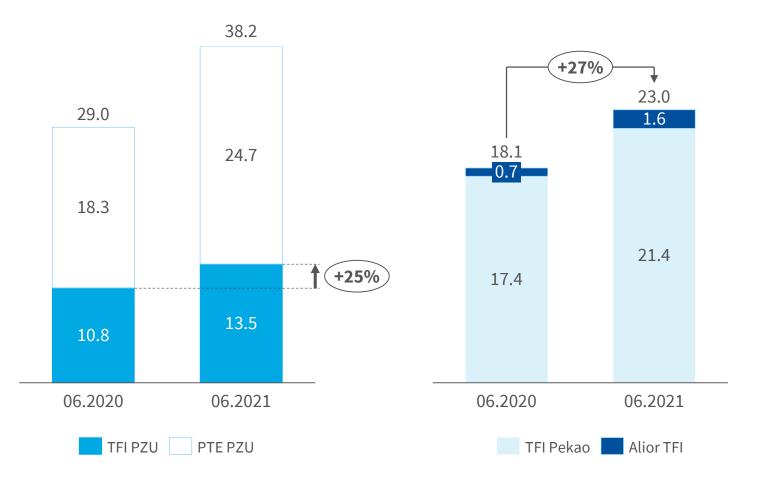


^{*} Data presented for the centers for the period from the beginning of the year regardless of the time of acquisition

Assets under management

Assets of third party clients of TFI and PTE PZU clients¹ (bn PLN)

Assets of third party clients of the TFIs of the PZU Group's banks (bn PLN)



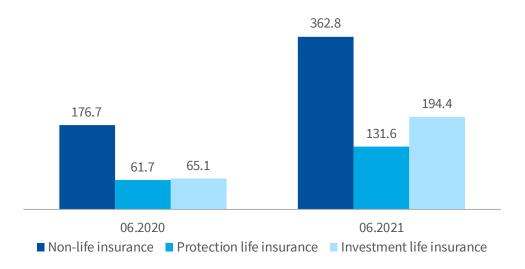
- Significant increase in assets under management up 26% y/y to 36.5 bn PLN²
- Increase in assets under management at TFI PZU of 25% y/y, including a four-fold growth in Employee Capital Schemes (ECS)
- PZU TFI among the leading fund management companies in terms of the inflow of funds and the leader among non-bank TFIs
- Net sales of TFI PZU at 1.1 bn PLN in 1H (including 390.5 m PLN of net inflows under the ECS product)
- Favorable mix of assets under management in TFI
 PZU percentage of assets linked to the third pension pillar (EPS and ECS) prevalent
- TFI PZU's market share in ECS measured by the number of firms at 36%, including the net asset value of 822.1 m PLN (>95 thousand companies acquired)
- Further dynamic growth of the Employee Pension Scheme offering (a 22% y/y increase in assets) resulting from co-payments of existing members and acquisition of new schemes

[.] Assets managed by PTE PZU are not recognized as a objective in the new PZU Group's strategy for 2021-2024

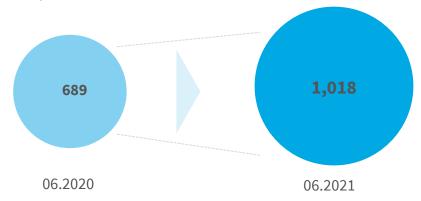
^{2.} According to the PZU Group strategy's new strategy in 2021-2024, third party assets under management in TFI PZU, Pekao TFI and Alior TFI

Development of cooperation with banks

Gross written premium attracted in collaboration with Bank Pekao and Alior Bank (m PLN)



Gross written premium attracted in collaboration with banks (m PLN)



Bancassurance:

- Doubling of insurance sales y/y by the PZU Group banks in 1Q21
- PZU Group's products are present in all of the major product lines of the PZU Group's banks
- Work on implementing standalone products in the banks' offer
- PZU Voyager insurance available for purchase by users of Alior Bank's web banking system
- Implementing multichannel access to PZU's products for the Banks' clients

Assurbanking:

- Bank Pekao:
 - PZU is one of the largest external partners of Bank Pekao in the sales of transaction accounts (ROR) via the bank's Pekao360 app
 - By the end of 2Q, the Auto plus Account (ROR) promotion campaign was deployed in 111 Own Branches of PZU and 45 Partner Branches. Pilot sales of two banking products in the tied agent network: the account in the Auto plus Account promotional campaign and cash loan - 19 agents
 - Sum total of loans and client deposits secured by PZU for the bank exceeded 800 m PLN in June 2021

Alior Bank:

- Development of the Cash Portal: implementation of two new products: Mini Cash (a small sum loan repaid from salary) and a consolidation loan, as well as the Cash Portal for the SME segment (the range among small and medium enterprises spans more than 3 thousand companies employing more than 200 thousand employees).
- Preparations under way to launch the consolidation loan.
- Growth rate of insurance-based investment products curtailed by lower client activity during the COVID-19 pandemic





3. Financial results

PZU Group's results contribution of activity to date and banking activity

m PLN	2Q21	1 Q 21	2 Q 21	change y/y	change q/q
PZU GROUP EXCL. ALIOR BANK AND BANK PEKAO					
Gross written premium ¹	5,594	6,148	6,194	10.7%	0.7%
Net insurance claims and benefits paid	(4,010)	(3,926)	(4,144)	3.3%	5.6%
Net investment result (ex banking activities)	1,106	720	597	(46.0%)	(17.2%)
Administrative expenses ¹	(457)	(460)	(442)	(3.2%)	(3.8%)
Acquisition expenses ¹	(812)	(798)	(825)	1.6%	3.4%
Operating profit (loss)	1,438	1,052	771	(46.4%)	(26.7%)
Net profit (loss) attributable to equity holders of the parent company	1,111	811	609	(45.2%)	(24.9%)
BANKS: ALIOR AND PEKAO					
Net profit (loss) attributable to equity holders of the parent company	(99)	86	165	Х	91.8%
Impairment of godwill	(827)	0	0	Х	Х
NET RESULT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT COMPANY	185	897	774	318.4%	-13.7%
MAIN FINANCIAL RATIOS					
ROE ²	4.5%	18.8%	17.1%	12.6p.p.	(1.7)p.p.
Combined ratio ³	86.8%	89.1%	87.1%	0.3p.p.	(2.0)p.p.
Margin ⁴	29.9%	10.2%	10.0%		(0.2)p.p.
Administrative expense ratio of PZU, PZU Życie	7.2%	7.2%	6.8%	(0.4)p.p.	(0.4)p.p.
Acquisition expense ratio of PZU, PZU Życie	14.2%	14.2%	14.9%	0.7p.p.	0.7p.p.

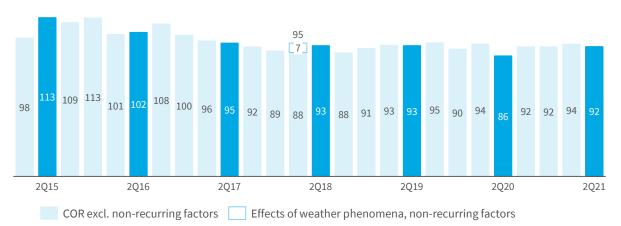
- 1. PZU Group net of data from Pekao and Alior Bank
- 2. Annualized ratio, attributable to equity holders of the parent company
- 3. Only for non-life insurance in the PZU Group in Poland
- Margin for the group and individually continued insurance segment

Profitability by operating segments

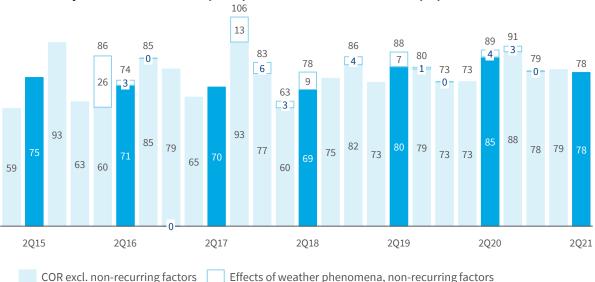
Insurance segments	Gross written premium				Insurance result / operating result			Combined ratio / Margin	
			Change			Change			
m PLN, local GAAP	2Q20	2 Q 21	у/у	2 Q 20	2 Q 21	у/у	2 Q 20	2Q21	
Total non-life insurance – Poland	3,023	3,454	14.3%	476	427	(10.3%)	86.8%	87.1%	
Mass insurance – Poland	2,470	2,655	7.5%	408	359	(12.0%)	86.0%	86.9%	
Motor TPL	1,026	1,038	1.2%	175	81	(53.9%)	84.3%	92.9%	
MOD	578	635	9.9%	93	59	(36.6%)	84.4%	90.5%	
Other products	866	982	13.4%	87	190	119.7%	89.3%	76.9%	
Impact of allocation to the investment segment	X	X	Χ	53	29	(45.0%)	X	X	
Corporate insurance – Poland	553	799	44.5%	68	68	X	90.4%	87.8%	
Motor TPL	153	152	(0.7%)	24	15	(40.0%)	90.5%	94.3%	
MOD	147	179	21.8%	13	14	6.0%	93.5%	92.7%	
Other products	253	468	85.0%	23	42	78.1%	87.7%	80.1%	
Impact of allocation to the investment segment	Х	Х	Χ	7	(2)	X	Х	Х	
Total life insurance – Poland	2,100	2,197	4.6%	573	204	(64.4%)	27.3%	9.3%	
Group and individually continued insurance - Poland	1,754	1,753	(0.1%)	525	176	(66.5%)	29.9%	10.0%	
Individual insurance – Poland	346	444	28.3%	48	28	(41.7%)	13.9%	6.3%	
Conversion effect	Х	Х	Χ	2	(5)	Χ	Х	Х	
Total non-life insurance – Ukraine and Baltic States	442	482	9.0%	83	70	(15.7%)	82.8%	86.4%	
Baltic States	392	424	8.2%	65	61	(6.2%)	85.2%	86.8%	
Ukraine	50	58	16.0%	18	9	(50.0%)	50.0%	81.3%	
Total life insurance – Ukraine and Baltic States	35	44	25.7%	4	0	Χ	11.4%	0.0%	
Lithuania	20	23	15.0%	0	(2)	Χ	0.0%	-8.7%	
Ukraine _	15	21	40.0%	4	2	(50.0%)	26.7%	9.5%	
Banks	X	Х	X	(946)	984	X	Х	х	

Non-life insurance

PZU Group's combined ratio (COR) in motor insurance (%)



PZU Group's combined ratio (COR) in non motor insurance (%)



Motor insurance

- the market is gradually revisiting the growth rate seen prior to the pandemic – this is visible on the new car sales and leasing market
- high profitability chiefly the outcome of the frequency of claims staying at low levels due to limited mobility
- ongoing price pressure on the market
- rising euro exchange rate and inflation are translating into significant growth of the average claims and benefits paid
- the consequences of the pandemic and economic slowdown, including the recession on the insurance market may be noticeable with a lag (most contracts are executed for a year), i.e. over the upcoming three or four quarters

Non-motor insurance

Profitability improvement both in corporate and mass insurance mainly due to:

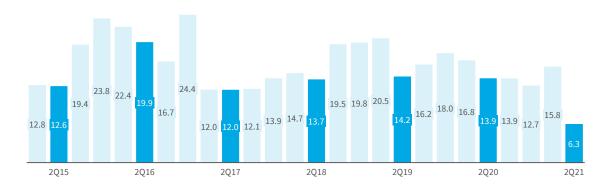
- decline in the loss ratio on the agricultural insurance portfolio y/y - lower level of claims caused by weather events (torrential rain, hail)
- lower loss ratio on the fire claims insurance portfolio, guarantees and various financial losses, despite the occurrence of several large claims

Life insurance

Margin in group and individually continued insurance¹ (%)



Margin in individual insurance (%)



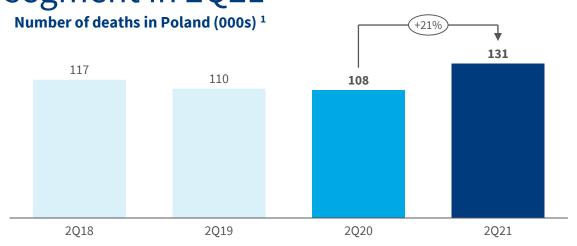
Margin in group and individually continued insurance in 2Q down 19.9 p.p. y/y, at the level of 10.0%

- heightened mortality linked to the COVID-19 pandemic in line with the climbing frequency of deaths observed in the overall population reported by the Central Statistics Office
- due to lower mortality forecasts in subsequent periods, 51 m PLN was
 derecognized from the provision for unexpired risk. This provision was
 recognized at the end of last year to cover the possible shortfall of future
 premiums due to the higher expected mortality caused by the COVID-19
 pandemic in 1H of this year
- higher loss ratio of paramedical risks (mainly hospital treatment and critical illnesses) and permanent dismemberment due to the higher number of reported benefits
- lower amounts paid out on account of child birth claims

In the individual insurance segment the margin in 2Q of 6.3%, down 7.6 p.p. y/y was the outcome of the following:

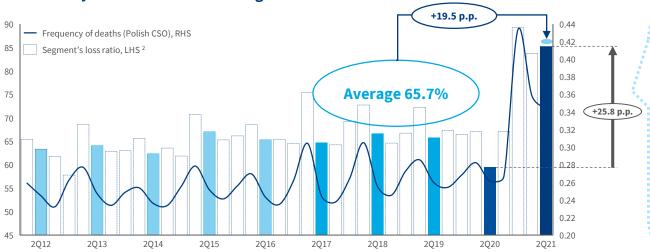
- further **development of protection products in the banking channel** and of term products sold in the own network
- increased acquisition expenses in bank unit-linked insurance products
- decrease in income from investments allocated using transfer prices

Pandemic and the loss ratio in the group and individually continued segment in 2Q21

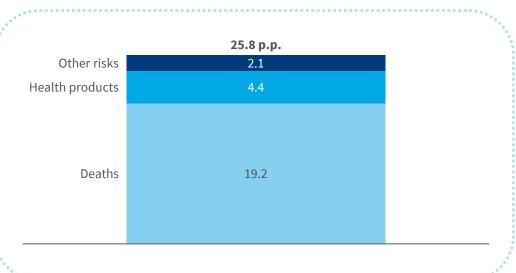


- Number of deaths in Poland in 2Q21 lower than in 1Q21 but still coming in at high levels
- Loss ratio in the group and individually continued insurance segment² **significantly higher y/y: +25.8%**, while the loss ratio in 2Q20 was very low as it incorporated the positive effects of the lockdown for the loss ratio seen in health products and other risks **Change in loss ratio vs. average for second quarters in 2017-2019 (before the pandemic) +19.5 p.p.** (the increase in the loss ratio taking into account the changes in mathematical provisions was **+14.4 p.p vs. the average for second quarters in 2017-2019**)
- The higher loss ratio in the segment in 2Q21 y/y was chiefly caused by the **higher frequency of deaths** in line with the increases observed for the entire population, higher usage of benefits in health products and higher loss ratio in paramedical riders and dismemberment riders included in group and individually continued insurance

The frequency of deaths in Poland and the loss ratio of the group and individually continued insurance segment



Impact exerted by the various risks on the change to the segment's loss ratio y/y



- 1. Second quarter of every year, in thousands, according to the Central Statistical Office's data (GUS)
- $2. \quad \text{Incorporates only protection products, benefits paid, the utilization of health products and the change in claims provisions} \\$

Investment result

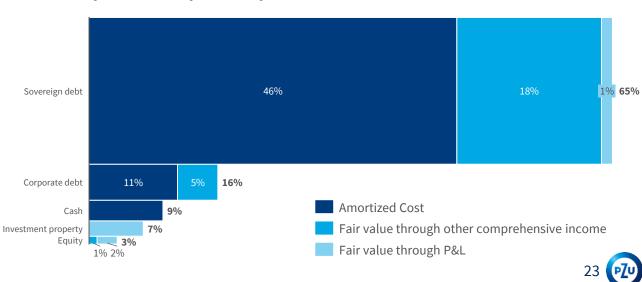
MSSF, m PLN	2 Q 20	1Q21	2Q21	change y/y	change q/q
Net investment result	1,972	2,406	2,349	19.1%	(2.4%)
Insurance and other activities	1,106	720	597	(46.0%)	(17.2%)
Main portfolio	484	859	465	(4.0%)	(45.9%)
Debt instruments - interest Debt instruments - revaluation and execution Equity instruments Real estate	317 46 11 109	321 (5) 519 24	323 (25) 131 37	1.8% x x (66.1%)	0.6% x (74.8%) 54.2% x
Investment products	493	(40)	155	(68.7%)	X
Other	128	(99)	(23)	Χ	X
Banking activities	866	1,686	1,752	102.3%	4.0%

Return on the main portfolio with FX on liabilities

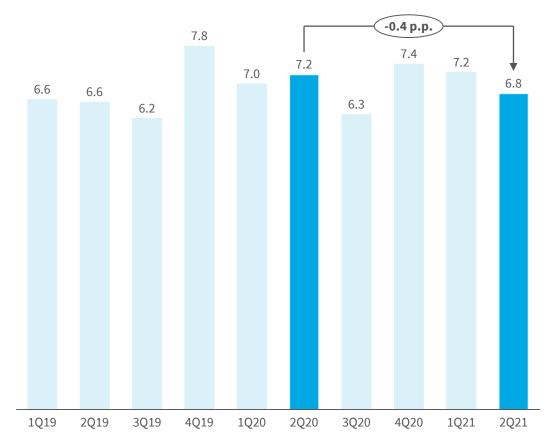


- **4.4 p.p. surplus profitability** in the main portfolio on FX on liabilities above the risk-free rate in 2Q21
- Robust net interest income positive impact of interest income on the BGK and PFR bonds (containing a State Treasury guarantee) purchased in the portfolio measured at amortized cost, and inflation bonds, partly offset by reduction in income in the part of the portfolio linked to floating corporate bonds
- Negative result on the measurement and realization of debt instruments, mainly due to
 the adverse impact of increases in market yields and the detrimental effect of foreign
 exchange differences on foreign currency portfolios, whereas the exchange rate effect was
 partly offset at the level of the PZU Group's overall net result by the change in the level of
 insurance liabilities covered by foreign currency assets
- **Higher measurement of the portfolio of equity instruments**, chiefly in the logistics sector and Private Equity funds
- Safe portfolio composition: debt instruments account for 81% of the portfolio, treasury debt accounts for 65% of the portfolio

Main portfolio composition by asset classes and the methods of their measurement



Administrative expense ratio (%)

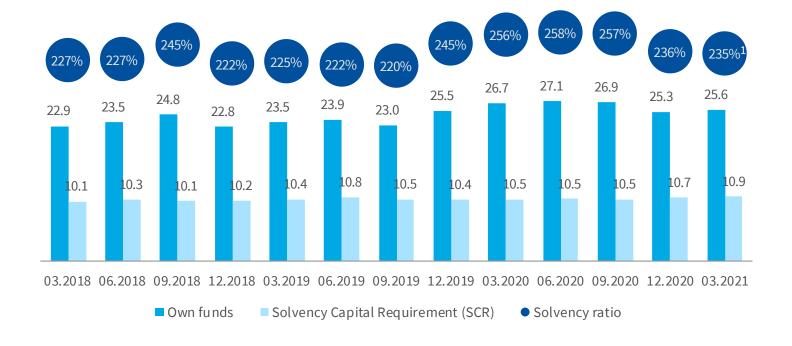


Administrative expense ratio calculated using the equation: administrative expenses in PZU and PZU Życie in the quarter / net earned premium in PZU and PZU Życie in the quarter

- The movement in the administrative expense ratio in **2Q21 versus 2Q20** was the outcome of the following:
 - · higher utilization of holiday time, including holiday time from past years, by employees
 - expiration of the aid package for the sales area, and lower costs of providing protection and prevention measures related to the COVID-19 pandemic.
 - higher net earned premium in PZU Życie
 - rising personnel costs as a result of wage pressure
 - strengthening marketing campaigns
 - maintenance of cost discipline in other areas
- The change in the level of the administrative expense ratio in **2Q21** versus 1Q21 was the outcome of the following:
 - higher utilization of holiday time, including holiday time from past years, by employees
 - higher net earned premium in PZU
 - higher real estate maintenance expenses due to renovations
 - strengthening marketing campaigns
 - · higher costs of consulting services related to the strategy and regulatory projects

Group's high level of solvency

Solvency II ratio, 31 March 2021



Solvency ratio calculated using the equation: Own funds / solvency requirement.

Annual data based on the audited standalone and consolidated solvency and financial condition reports (SFCR) available on the following website https://www.pzu.pl/relacje-inwestorskie. Other unaudited data.

1. Calculation based on the methods used to date. Does not take into account rules set out in the circular letter of Polish FSA to insurance companies, dated 16.04.2021, based on which starting from 1Q21 the adjustment by the entire amount of the anticipated dividend from 2021 profit becomes the new element of solvency calculations of the company and the group in interim periods.

- Increase in own funds of 0.3 bn PLN in 1Q21. Major reasons:
 - accounting for the anticipated dividends: PZU reduced its own funds by 80% of 1Q21 net profit, i.e.
 0.7 bn PLN¹
 - decline in technical provisions and higher reinsurance assets (+1.0 bn PLN)
 - operating and investing cash flows (+0.3 bn PLN).

SCR growth in 1Q21 by +0.2 bn PLN.

Major growth drivers q/q:

- increased market equity risk, counterparty insolvency risk and non-life insurance risk
- reduced risk of life insurance

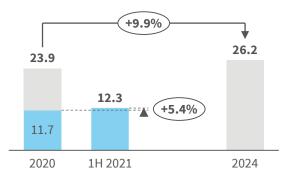




4. Strategy

Strategic objectives in 2021-2024 and execution after H1 2021

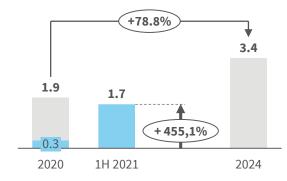
Gross written premium¹ (bn PLN)



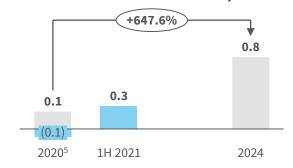
PZU Zdrowie's revenues (bn PLN)



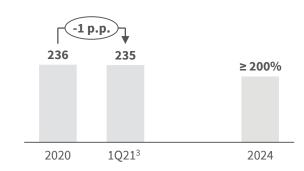
PZU Group 's net profit² (bn PLN)



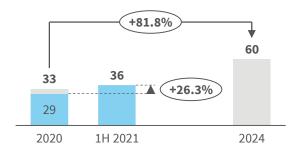
Banks' contribution to PZU Group's net result² (bn PLN)



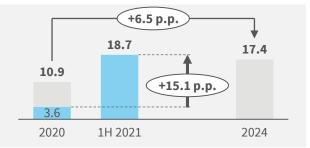
Solvency II ratio (%)



Assets under management⁴ (bn PLN)



Return on Equity (ROE)



5. Net of the impairment loss for goodwill on

the acquisition of Bank Pekao and Alior Bank

1. PZU Group's gross written premium

1H data

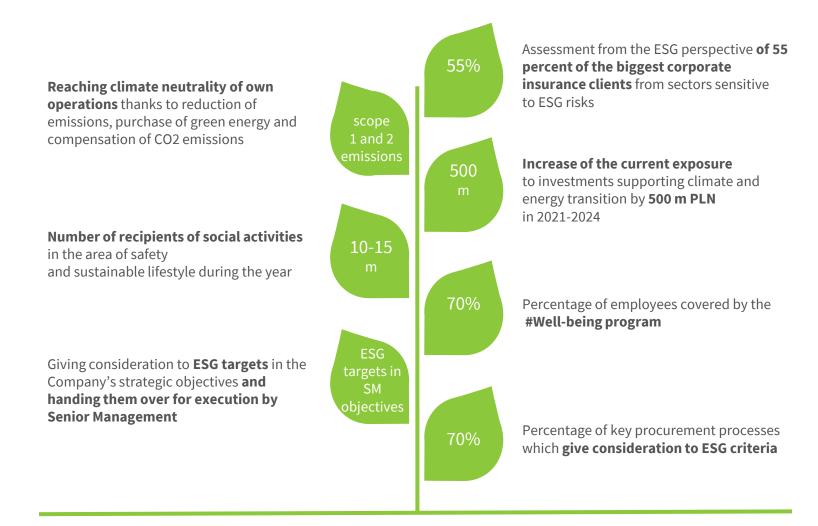
- 2. Net profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company
- 3. Preliminary data not audited or reviewed by a statutory auditor, calculation based on methods used to date. Does not take into account rules set out in the circular letter of Polish FSA to insurance companies, dated 16.04.2021
- 4. Third party assets under management TFI PZU, Pekao TFI and Alior TFI

Key ESG metrics of the Strategy for 2021-2024

We set the objective of supporting the development of low-emission economy, caring for sustainable transformation

We want to encourage our clients and local communities to lead a sustainable and safe lifestyle

We will take care of responsible management giving consideration to ESG factors



We will develop business ecosystems for new and current clients (1/2)

ECOSYSTEM BENEFITS

Convenient space to manage benefits unrelated to salary



 Set of advanced digital tools facilitating employers' comprehensive management of benefits

Extensive offering of the PZU Group's benefits



- Many benefits in one venue ranging from cafeterias and sport cards to insurance and financial products and all the way to health products
- Contact with a single supplier of multiple services for employees: time savings, unifying processes, convenience and lower administrative expenses









build relations

Building a community

 An ecosystem offers new opportunities to build relations with clients in daily life

New to the market and attractive products



(0)

- PZU Sport sport and recreation subscription
- CASH loans with attractive terms involving direct salary-based repayment
- Combined sport, recreation and medical packages and other packaged solutions involving insurance, physical activity and health blended with the services of external partners

Institutional clients obtain a comprehensive offering consisting of various types of benefits unrelated to salary for their employees

Individual clients have accessible services and tools enhancing their comfort in life, activity, lifestyle, etc.

We will develop business ecosystems for new and current clients (2/2)

ECOSYSTEM FOR DRIVERS

We will prepare an ecosystem addressing clients' various needs...



- We will help **buy and sell** a car
- We will provide support in financing purchases
- We will provide insurance products



- We will check the vehicle's state of repair
- We will organize its repair
- We will provide legal support



- We will organize road assistance and a replacement vehicle
- We will propose a repair workshop



- We will remind clients of important dates
- We will made the **history of repairs** available



- We will prepare a loyalty program
- We will offer **additional discounts** on our partners' services

...in which the driver is at the center of attention. We provide comfort and safety of use to...









... widespread access to services and the usage of the relevant digital technologies.



Services accessible in a single venue without leaving home, 100% online



The ecosystem will be accessible for everyone, even if he or she does not have insurance

Hotline accessible
24 hours a day, 7 days a week



Jointly with our clients we will develop our services and constantly improve their quality



We will furnish **safe and user-friendly** digital tools

Not every driver is an expert in vehicle maintenance and that is why we want to provide support to him or her and act as a partner to care about comfort and safety

PZυ





5. Attachments

PZU Group's gross written premium

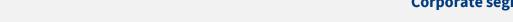
Insurance segments m PLN, local GAAP	2 Q 21	1 Q 21	2Q21	Change y/y	Change q/q
III EN, total GAAI	2421	1921	2421	change y/y	Change 4/4
External gross written premium	5,594	6,148	6,194	10.7 %	0.7%
Total non-life insurance – Poland	3,015	3,374	3,472	<i>15.2%</i>	2.9%
Mass insurance – Poland	2,465	2,707	2,677	8.6%	(1.1%)
Motor TPL MOD	1,026 578	1,049 675	1,039 635	1.3% 9.9%	(1.0%) (5.9%)
Other products	861	983	1,003	16.5%	2.0%
Corporate insurance – Poland	550	667	795	44.5%	19.2%
Motor TPL	152	162	151	(0.7%)	(6.8%)
MOD	147	170	178	21.1%	4.7%
Other products	251	335	466	85.7%	39.1%
Total life insurance – Poland	2,100	2,244	2,197	4.6%	(2.1%)
Group and individually continued insurance - Poland	1,754	1,757	1,753	(0.1%)	(0.2%)
Individual insurance – Poland	346	487	444	28.3%	(8.8%)
Premium on protection products	153	179	205	34.0%	14.5%
Premium on periodic investment products	55	74	69	25.5%	(6.8%)
Premium on single investment products	138	234	170	23.2%	(27.4%)
Total non-life insurance – Ukraine and Baltic States	442	488	482	9.0%	(1.2%)
Baltic States	392	441	424	8.2%	(3.9%)
Ukraine	50	47	58	16.0%	23.4%
Total life insurance – Ukraine and Baltic States	35	41	44	25.7%	7.3%
Lithuania	20	21	23	15.0%	9.5%
Ukraine	15	20	21	40.0%	5.0%



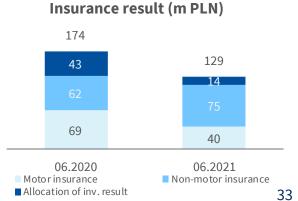
Non-life insurance

Motor insurance under the price pressure in Poland









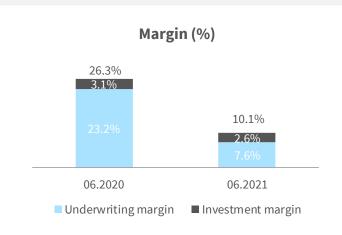


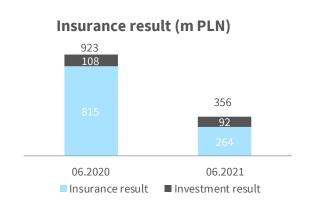
Life insurance

High rate of premium growth on protection products and single premium investment products. Profitability in the group and individually continued insurance segment affected by the COVID-19 pandemic

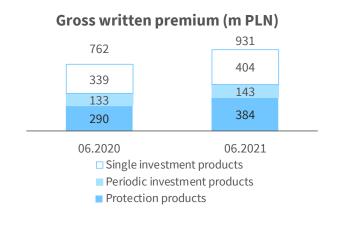
Group and individually continued insurance

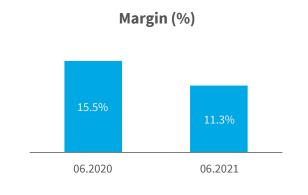


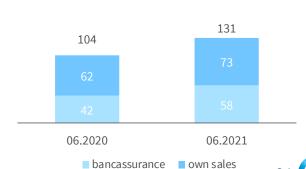




Individual insurance



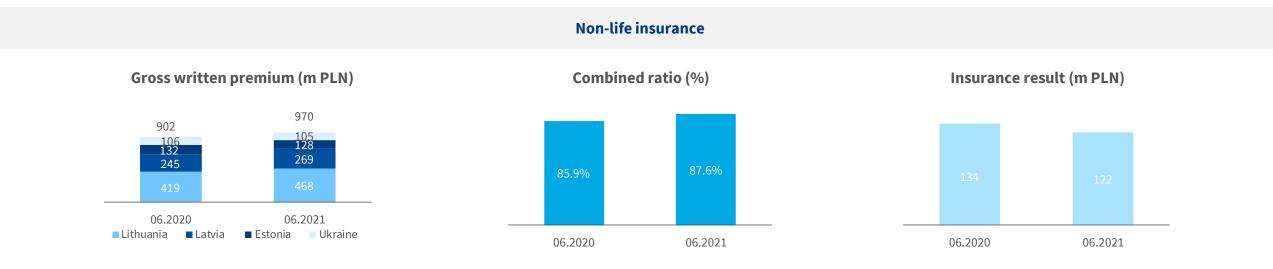




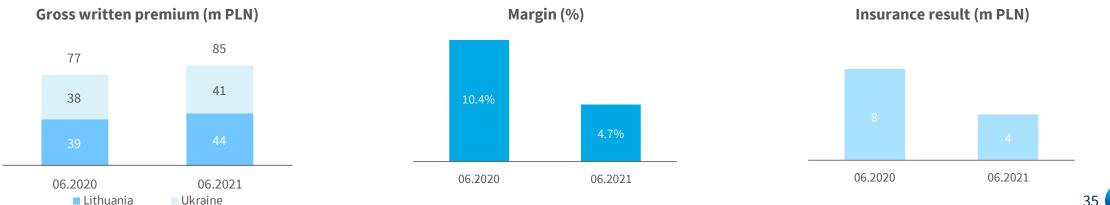
Annual premium equivalent (m PLN)

Foreign operations

Strong price competition in motor insurance





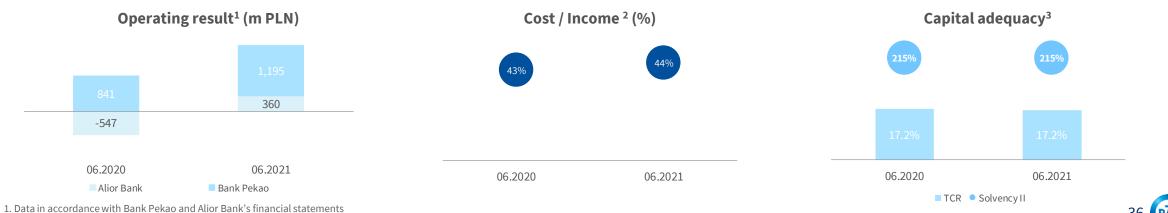


Banking

Significant growth in the banks' operating result







- 2. Data in accordance with PZU's financial statements, net of the impairment for goodwill and intangible assets
- 3. Data jointly for Bank Pekao and Alior Bank pro rata to the equity stakes held

Investments

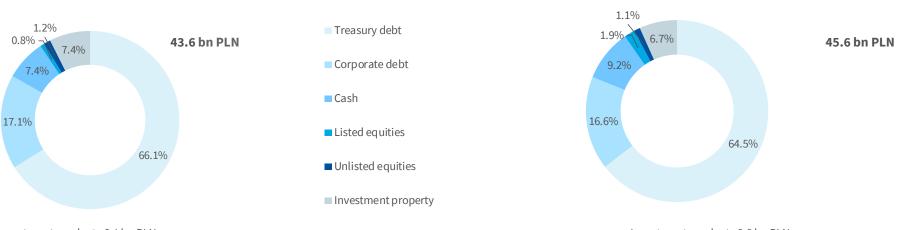
Quarterly results and portfolio composition

Net investment result (m PLN)



December 2020 main portfolio investment composition

June 2021 main portfolio investment composition

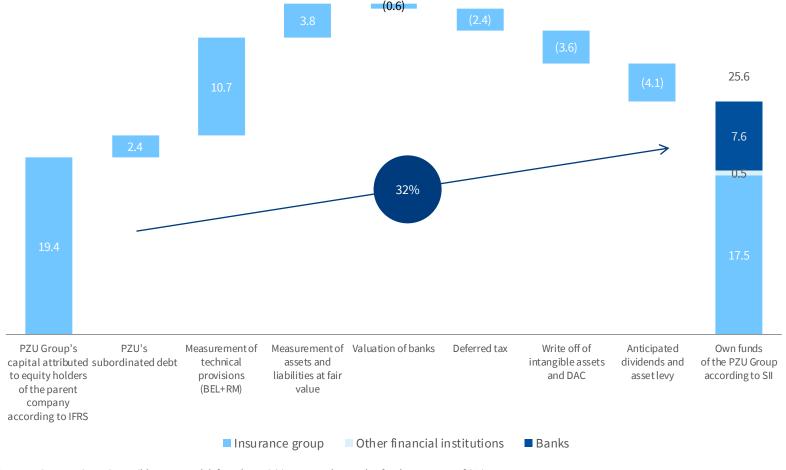


Investment products 6.4 bn PLN Investment products 6.6 bn PLN 37

Own funds

PZU Group's data in Solvency II as at 31 March 2021 (bn PLN, unaudited data)

Comparison of own funds and consolidated equity according to IFRS



Own funds according to SII minus:

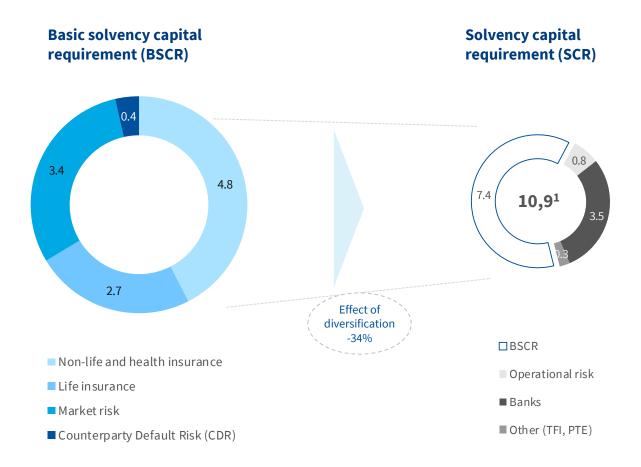
- dividend amount for the previous year (if not included in liabilities)
- the dividend in the amount of 80% of net profit for 1Q21²
- the forecasts of the asset levy to be paid by insurance undertakings in the 12 months after the balance sheet date (according to the letter from the Polish FSA)

^{1.} The exception pertains to intangible assets and deferred acquisition costs whose value for the purposes of SII is zero

[.] Calculation based on methods used to date. Does not take into account rules set out in the circular letter of Polish FSA to insurance companies, dated 16.04.2021

Solvency capital requirement (SCR)

PZU Group's data in Solvency II as at 31 March 2021 (bn PLN, unaudited data)



Solvency requirement moved up in 1Q21 by 0.2 bn PLN. The main reasons for the movement in SCR:

- increased catastrophic risk in non-life insurance caused by the higher exposure to the risk of flooding (+0.11 bn PLN²) and higher premiums and provisions
- decrease in the life insurance requirement triggered by updating the mortality assumptions and the assumed costs of handling insurance contracts (-0.09 bn PLN²).
- increase in counterparty insolvency risk in connection with the increase in the balance of receivables and cash (+0.08 bn PLN²)
- increase in market risk as an outcome of higher equity risk (higher symmetric adjustment after the upward drive of capital markets) lower requirements on account of the interest rate and currency through better matching of positions (+0.05 bn PLN²)

^{1.} Difference between SCR and the total of the following: BSCR, operational risk, the requirement of the banking sector and other financial institutions ensues from a tax adjustment (LAC DT).

^{2.} Prior to the effects of diversification.

Disclaimer

This Presentation has been prepared by PZU SA ("PZU") and is purely informational in nature. Its purpose is to present selected data concerning the PZU Group ("PZU Group"), including its growth prospects.

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The PZU Group is not liable for the consequences of decisions made after reading this Presentation.

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Thank you

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